



COLOR FOR ALL SEASONS in your landscape

Interest in the landscape involves having plants that provide enjoyment throughout the year. With some basic planning, a garden full of seasonal interest can be acquired.

Planning for the perfect plants:

Sun Exposure

Start watching how many hours of sunlight your space gets.

6 or more hours of direct sunlight -

- look for full sun plants.

Morning sun/afternoon shade -

- look for part sun plants.

Dappled sun or mostly shaded -

- look for part sun to full shade plants

Amount of Space Available:

Keep your intended space in mind as you refer to a plant's mature height and spread. Your plant will fill the space accordingly in the future.

Color Preference

(Foliage or Bloom Color):

Many choices based on personal preference. Consider surroundings, such as plants nearby, and existing structures like walls or fences.

Evergreen or Leafy:

From needles to soft green foliage, evergreens provide interest year-round, especially in the winter. Incorporate at least one in a mixed bed.

Add vibrant leaf color or seasonal bloom to the space. Select from large group of plants that provide many options.

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Year Round

Shrub:

Arborvitae

Boxwood

Yew

Ornamental Grass

Evergreen Tree:

Pine

Spruce

Juniper

Shade Tree:

Oak

Maple

London Plane



Summer

Shrub:

Hydrangea

Spirea

Butterfly Bush

Althea (Rose of Sharon)

Barberry

Ninebark

Tree:

Hydrangea - tree form

Honey Locust

Maple

Tulip Tree



Spring

Shrub:

Azalea

Forsythia

Lilac

Ninebark

Rhododendron

Spirea

Weigela

Tree:

Flowering Crab

Flowering Pear

Lilac - Tree form

Fall

Shrub:

Barberry

Burning Bush

Chokeberry

Itea

Tree:

Flowering Pear

Maple

